

Park - Sastri First Year Examination - April 2016

Part I - Second Language Malayalam - Paper I

Time: 3 Hrs

Max: 100 Marks

I. റവറാക്കിലേറ ഒരു വറകൃതനിലേറ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

(20 x 1 = 20)

1. 'ദീപം' എന്ന കവിത ആരുടെ രചനയാണ്?
2. 23 ലക്ഷം രൂപ ചിലവഴിച്ചു നിർമിച്ച പാലം ഏത്?
3. ഇനി ചൊല്ലുമാത്രമായവശേഷിക്കുന്നത് എന്താണ്?
4. വായനക്കാരൻ എം.ടി.യുടെ വീട്ടിലേക്ക് വരുന്നുണ്ടെന്ന് എഴുതിയത് എന്തിനായിരുന്നു?
5. ഏതു ചന്തയിൽ നിന്നായിരുന്നു ഓണത്തിനുവേണ്ട കോളുകൊണ്ടുവരാറുണ്ടായിരുന്നത്?
6. 'അതുകണ്ടപ്പോൾ മനസ്സിൽ വല്ലാത്തൊരസുഖംതോന്നി' - ഏതു കണ്ടപ്പോൾ?
7. ജനൽപാളികളിൽ കൈമടക്കി മുട്ടിക്കൊണ്ട് എത്രയോ കാലമായി പുകുത്തിബിപ്രതീക്ഷിച്ചുകൊണ്ടിരുന്നതാരെയാണ്?
8. താനെഴുതിയ ആദ്യത്തെ കഥ ഒരു സ്മാരകശിലയായി ഇപ്പോഴും തറച്ചു നിൽക്കുന്നുവെന്ന് ഏതു ലേഖനത്തിലാണ് കുഞ്ഞബ്ദുള്ള ഏഴുതിയിട്ടുള്ളത്?
9. പരുന്തിന്റെ നിഴൽ പ്രത്യക്ഷപ്പെട്ടതോടെ തള്ളക്കോഴി എന്താണ് ചെയ്തത്?
10. 'ആർക്കായാലും ഒരിക്കലല്ലേ അബദ്ധം പറ്റൂ' - ആരാണിങ്ങനെ പറഞ്ഞത്?
11. 'ഇക്കാലത്ത് എന്തെങ്കിലും ഒരു സൈഡ് ബിസിനസ്സില്ലാണ്ട് ഒരുത്തർക്കും ജീവിക്കാൻ പറ്റില്ല'. - ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്?
12. സുഗ്രീവന്റെ കഴുത്തിലെ മാല ആരു നൽകിയതാണ്?
13. പണ്ടുകാലത്ത് 'മര' എന്ന വാക്കിനുണ്ടായിരുന്ന അർഥം എന്ത്?
14. എപ്പോഴാണ് കൊച്ചാത്തി എത്തുക?
15. 'മെള പാവങ്ങളുടെ പിച്ഛട്ടീന്നാണ് അവർ കയ്യിട്ടു വാവ' - ആർ?
16. റോമാ നഗരത്തിൽ നിന്ന് രാത്രിവണ്ടിയിൽ പുറപ്പെടുന്ന യാത്രക്കാർക്ക് ഏതു സ്റ്റേഷനിലാണ് പുലരും വരെ കഴിയേണ്ടത്?
17. പട്ടണത്തിലെ പാതയ്ക്കരികിൽ കൃൂ നിൽക്കുന്നതാര്?

(Contd...)

- 18. 'ഓമനത്തിങ്കൾക്കിടാവോ' എന്നു തുടങ്ങുന്ന പ്രസിദ്ധമായ താരാട്ടുപാട്ട് രചിച്ചത് ആരാണ്?
- 19. ഉമാ അന്തർജനത്തിന്റെ വിവാഹത്തിന് താലി അയച്ചുകൊടുത്തത് ആര്?
- 20. ഇട്ടുണ്ണിനായർക്ക് തലകറക്കമുണ്ടായത് എപ്പോൾ?

A. പദ്യഭാഗം

II. ഏതെങ്കിലും മൂന്നു ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക (3 x 10 = 30)

- 1. കവിമനസ്സിലേക്ക് കടന്നു വരുന്ന ഭാരതപ്പുഴയുടെ പ്രൗഢിനിറഞ്ഞ ചിത്രം എന്ത്?
- 2. 'കോടിവസ്ത്രം മുടിയിട്ട
തലയ്ക്കൽ നിലകൊണ്ടതും' - സന്ദർഭം വിവരിക്കുക.
- 3. 'നക്ഷത്രം വിരിയും രാവി-
ലൊത്തുനിന്നു തുണച്ചതും' - സന്ദർഭവും ആശയവും എഴുതുക.
- 4. 'വൈരിയെക്കൊന്നു വിരവിൽ വരുവൻ ഞാൻ
ധീരത കൈക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്ക നീ വല്ലഭേ' - ആര് ആരോടു പറയുന്നതാണിത് ?
സന്ദർഭമേത്?
- 5. 'മാനിനിമാർമുലിമണേ മാലിനി നീ വരികരികിൽ
ആനനന്ദിതചന്ദ്രേ! അയി സഖി നീ ശൃണു വചനം' - ആര് ആരോടു
പറയുന്നതാണിത്? സന്ദർഭം ഏത്?

B. ഗദ്യഭാഗം

III. ഏതെങ്കിലും ഏഴെണ്ണത്തിന് നൂറു വാക്കിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക (7 x 5 = 35)

- 1. യാത്രക്കാരായ ദമ്പതിമാരുടെ ദുഃഖത്തിന്റെ കാരണം എന്ത്?
- 2. 'മഹർഷി വിശ്രവസിന്റെ പുത്രനാകയാൽ നാം തന്നെ നാണിച്ചുപോയി' -
സന്ദർഭവും ആശയവും വിവരിക്കുക.
- 3. വർക്കിയുടെ ആഖ്യാനത്തെക്കുറിച്ച് രാജകൃഷ്ണന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം സംഗ്രഹിക്കുക.
- 4. മുഖപ്രസംഗത്തിലൂടെ ജനങ്ങളെ പ്രശംസിക്കാനുണ്ടായ കാരണം എന്ത്?

Contd...)

5. ഒരു കവിതയിലാണെങ്കിൽ ഇവയെല്ലാം വിശദീകരിക്കുവാൻ സൗകര്യമുണ്ട്. ഏതെല്ലാം?
 ചിത്രകലയ്ക്കുള്ള സാർവത്രികത്വം യാതൊരു ഭാഷയ്ക്കും ലോകത്തിൽ കൈവന്നിട്ടില്ല - വിശദീകരിക്കുക.
6. അറയ്ക്കൽ തറവാടിന്റെ പ്രതാപം കുഞ്ഞബ്ദുള്ള 'സ്മാരകശിലകളിൽ' ആവിഷ്കരിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നത് എങ്ങനെ?
7. വി.ടി.യുടെ വീട്ടിലെ സൗഹൃദസമ്മേളനങ്ങളെക്കുറിച്ച് വിവരിക്കുക.
8. ഒരു ധനാഢ്യനുമത്രം വാങ്ങാൻ കഴിയുന്ന വസ്തുക്കൾ ധനാഢ്യനായി സ്വയം ഭാവിച്ച് വാങ്ങിക്കൂട്ടാനുള്ള ശ്രമം നടത്തുകയാണ് ഉണ്ണിക്കൃഷ്ണൻ ചെയ്തത്. വിശദീകരിക്കുക.
9. 'കള്ളൻ' എന്ന കഥയിലൂടെ എം.പി. നാരായണപിള്ള നമുക്കു പരിചയപ്പെടുത്തിത്തരുന്നതെന്ത്?

IV. ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരേണ്ണത്തിന് മൂന്നു വാക്കിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക(1 x 15 = 15)

1. 'എവിടെയുമെന്നിക്കൊരു വീടുണ്ട്' എന്നു പറയുന്ന ഓ.എൻ.വി. എവിടെയെല്ലാമുള്ള വീടുകളെക്കുറിച്ചാണ് പറയുന്നത്. വിശദമാക്കുക.
2. 'ലങ്കാലക്ഷ്മി' എന്ന നാടകത്തിലെ 'പടയാരുക്ക'ത്തിൽ പ്രത്യക്ഷപ്പെടുന്ന രാവണനെ എങ്ങനെയാണ് സി.എൻ. ശ്രീകണ്ഠൻ നായർ അവതരിപ്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നത്? വിശദീകരിക്കുക.



Prak Sastri (Regular & DDE) First Year Annual Examinations, April, 2016
Part I - 1st Language - Paper-1, English

Time : 3 hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 100)

(Write Answers in Answer booklet only)

I. Fill in the blanks appropriate Tense :**5x1=5**

- (1) It (rain) since morning.
- (2) Radha (participate) in the dance show next month.
- (3) I (play) foot ball after work.
- (4) He (live) here for two years.
- (5) Shyam (drink) coffee just now.

II. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition :**5x1=5**

- (1) Vijay is afraid cockroaches.
- (2) We have been waiting for the train early morning.
- (3) She wore a ring her ears.
- (4) There is a river flowing the bridge.
- (5) The bus complex is the park.

III. Fill in the blanks with articles :**5x1=5**

- (1) She is nurse in this hospital.
- (2) more you work..... more you gain.
- (3) Mahabharata is an epic.
- (4) He is excellent painter.
- (5) This is University.

IV. Replace the following groups of words with a single word using prefixes :**3x1=3**

- (1) Not possible -
- (2) Not rational -
- (3) Not convenient -

V. Use the following phrases in your own sentences :**2x1=2**

- (1) A few -
- (2) Literate -

VI. Read the following passage from the main reader and answer the following questions:**10x1=10**

Nara and Narayana were doing tapas. So, Indra got nervous because he feared the he would lose his exalted position. He began to devise means to disturb their tapas, by frightening them or tempting them by damsels, arousing lust which is the enemy of tapas. These are his methods to throw obstacles in the way of those who do tapas. He sent celestial maidens to distract Nara. Though divine in essence Nara was yet a man, a jeeva, albeit the highest man, so he was not without a weakness. Afraid that the presence of the damsels would come in the way of his tapas, he made a loud grunt. Immediately they ran away helter-skelter. Fearing that the fire of Nara's tapas would burn them out of existence, they resolved not to turn in his Direction, Nara become an angry.

- (1) Who are doing tapas?
- (2) Why did Indra become nervous?
- (3) What are the methods throwing obstacles in the way of those who do tapas?
- (4) Why did Indra sent celestial maidens?
- (5) Who made a loud grunt?
- (6) The maidens were afraid that Nara's tapas would
- (7) Who is enemy of tapas?
- (8) Nara was a so the is not without weakness.
- (9) Write opposites of the words?
 - (a) Angry
 - (b) divine.

VII. Read the following passage from the Supplementary Reader and answer the question below:

10x1=10

Once upon a time, long, long ago, a famous rishi, Vajasravasa, Performed a very uncommon rite. According to the rule of that rite, the performer was required to give away all his wealth and possessions to priests, the poor and other deserving people. The rishi had a little son. Nachiketa by name. Nachiketa thought that since his father had to give way everything, he would have to give him away too. So when the rishi was busy distributing his property among his guests, Nachiketa went up to him and asked "whom have you given me away to, Father?" The rishi did not reply. But his son kept repeating his question till, ultimately vexed, the rishi suddenly burst out. "I have given you away to Yama!"

- (1) was a famous rishi.
- (2) He performed an
- (3) According to the rule of the rite he had to give away all his wealth to
- (4) Nachiketa was
- (5) Nachiketa thought his father would.....
- (6) Nachiketa asked his father the question..... When he was
- (7) The rishi angrily burst out ".....".
- (8) Write the synonym of the following word.
 - (a) Irritated
 - (b) Rare
 - (c) Vexed

VIII. Answer any Two of the following in about 50-60 words : (Main Reader)

2x5=10

- (1) What are the various awards Mother Teresa received?
- (2) What kind of life should people lead, according to Sri Ramakrishna and like what?
- (3) Why is Bahuguna so keen on preventing deforestation in the Himalayas?
- (4) How did Polya realize the importance of education?

IX. Answer any Two of the following in about 50-60 words :

2x5=10

- (1) What are the features common to all birds?
- (2) Describe Ravi Shankar's contribution to films.
- (3) What is M.S.Subblakshmi's opinion about purity of voice and sruti?
- (4) Describe the evolution of treatment for malaria?

X. Answer any Five of the following in about 20-30 words :

5x3=15

- (1) What announcement did Shantanu make?
- (2) What sort of present does Nehru want to give his daughter?
- (3) What happened to Mahmood's old friends and sons?
- (4) What did the grandfather do when he heard that Ali has lost his kite?
- (5) What did Bahuguna mainly discuss with the children of Jardhagaon?
- (6) Whom did Indra send to disturb Nara and Narayana and why?
- (7) What happened when Sri Ramakrishna touched Narendra?

XI. Answer any Five of the following in about 20-30 words : (Supplementary Reader)

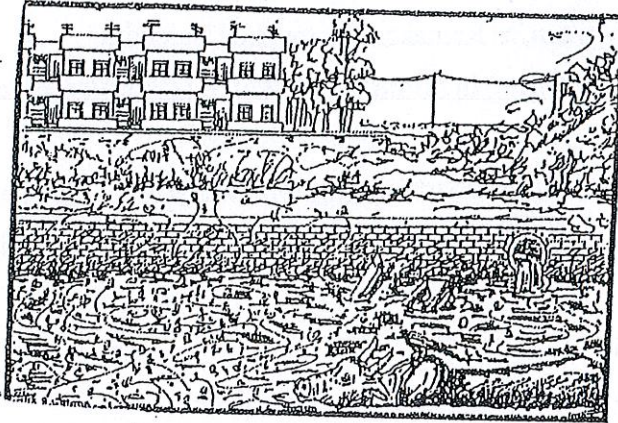
5x3=15

- (1) He saw many beautiful pieces of furniture with which the house of patient was furnished and each day he carried away one of the best pieces till there was hardly anything left.
 - (a) Who is he?
 - (b) Where did he see beautiful pieces of furniture?
 - (c) What did he do with furniture?
- (2) She was a kind-hearted girl, so she went quietly upstairs without saying anything to anyone.
 - (a) Who is she?
 - (b) What did she do?
 - (c) When did she do it?
- (3) He let a boat down into the water, and went to see what Robinson wanted.
 - (a) Who is 'he'?
 - (b) Whom did he go to see?
 - (c) To which country does he belong?
- (4) He also advised him (Ravi Shankar) not to run after the glitter of the west, and encouraged him to learn to play the sitar.
 - (a) Who is 'he'?
 - (b) When did Ravi Shankar meet him?
 - (c) What was his advice to Ravi Shankar?
- (5) It is a contagious disease of the eyes caused by a virus. It affects the inner linings of the eyelids.
 - (a) What is "it"?
 - (b) How is "it" caused?
 - (c) What happens in the disease?
- (6) "Didn't I tell you, "he said" that the weaver was not destined to have wealth"?
 - (a) Who is speaking to whom?
 - (b) What was the weaver praying God to give him?
 - (c) Was the weaver happy in the end?

- (7) They are often cleared for the purposes of agriculture settlement of home less persons and for providing land to the landless.
- (a) Who are they?
 - (b) Why are they cleared?
 - (c) How are they useful to man?

XII. Write a paragraph on the Picture given below using the question given there as hints :

5x2=10



- (1) What are the buildings seen in the picture?
- (2) What kind of water flows there?
- (3) What is the animal in the water?
- (4) What are they that are swarming over the water?
- (5) What problems do we face because of them?

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Prak Sastri (D.D.E) First Year Annual Examinations, April, 2016
Part-I - IInd Language — Paper-1 - Sanskrit
(गैर्वाणीविलासः)

Time : 3 hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 100)

(Write answers in Answer Booklet only)

I. एकेन वाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।**20 x 1 = 20**

- (१) पुच्छविषाणहीनः पशुः कः ?
- (२) पयसा स्वात्मा कस्मिन् हुतः ?
- (३) प्रह्लादसदृशः कोऽभूत् ?
- (४) उत्सवाः किमर्थमनुष्ठेयाः ?
- (५) दुर्बलरक्षकः कः ?
- (६) पुत्राः कीदृशाः भवेयुः ?
- (७) लोभः कस्य जनकः ?
- (८) कया मूढः प्रतार्यते ?
- (९) निधनेऽपि कः अनुयाति ?
- (१०) प्रतापरुद्रस्य राजधानी का ?
- (११) युगन्धरः कीदृशः ?
- (१२) यज्ञदत्तः कुत्रासीत् ?
- (१३) गुरुशब्दस्य तृतीया-एकवचनं किं रूपम् ?
- (१४) धातृभिः। (पूरयत)।
- (१५) गवि । (पूरयत)।
- (१६) कथोहः (सन्धिं विघटयत) ।
- (१७) उप + एति = (सन्धिं कुरुत)।
- (१८) तट्टीका (सन्धिं विघटयत)।
- (१९) रत्नाकरः (सन्धिं घटयत)।
- (२०) प्रति + उपकारः = (पूरयत)।

II. यथेच्छं त्रयाणां प्रतिपदार्थं लिखत ।**3 x 10 = 30**

- (१) जाडयं धियो हरति सिञ्चति वाचि सत्यं
मानोन्नतिं दिशति पापमपाकरोति ।
चेतः प्रसादयति दिक्षु तनोति कीर्तिं
सत्सङ्गतिः कथय किं न करोति पुंसाम् ॥
- (२) वस्त्रेण वपुषा वाचा विद्यया विनयेन च ।
वकारैः पञ्चभिर्युक्तः नरो भवति पूजितः ॥
- (३) दुष्टोऽपि शरणं प्राप्तो रक्षणीयो हि सज्जनैः ।
विधुं दोषाकरं मूर्ध्ना बिभृते याचितः शिवः ॥

(अनुवर्तते...)

- (४) प्रदोषे दीपकश्चन्द्रः प्रभाते दीपको रविः ।
त्रैलोक्य दीपको धर्मः सुपुत्रः कुलदीपकः ॥
- (५) जातमात्रं न यः शत्रुः व्याधिं वा प्रशमं नयेत् ।
अतिपुष्टाङ्गयुक्तोऽपि स पश्चात्तेन हत्यते ॥

III. चतुर्णां समाधानानि लिखत ।

4 x 5 = 20

- (१) हिमालयस्य सौन्दर्यं वर्णयत ।
(२) कौशल्यासमीपे भरतकृतशपथान् विवृणुत ।
(३) भोजस्य राज्यप्राप्तिं संक्षिपत ।
(४) रमाशब्दस्य रूपाणि लिखत ।
(५) धातृशब्दस्य रूपाणि लिखत ।
(६) पठ् धातोः लट्-लोट-लृट् रूपाणि लिखत ।

IV. दशानां सन्दर्भं भावश्च लिखत ।

10 x 3 = 30

- (१) स्थितः पृथिव्या इव मानदण्डः ।
(२) शैलाधिपत्यं स्वयमन्वतिष्ठत् ।
(३) विधिरहो बलवानिति मे मतिः ।
(४) रत्नदीपस्य हि शिखा वात्ययापिन बाध्यते ।
(५) किं किं न साधयति कल्पलतेव विद्या ।
(६) यथौषधं स्वादु हितं च दुर्लभम् ।
(७) नरः पतित कायोऽपि यशः कायेन जीवति ।
(८) किमभिलस्य मदुपचारं करोषि ।
(९) वयं तूद्यमिन्यः ।
(१०) किमेतेन प्रयोजनं ते ।
(११) दिल्लीश्वरं नेष्यामि-मासत्रये नेष्यामि ।
(१२) मानव सेवैव माधव सेवा ।
(१३) अप्रियस्य च पथ्यस्य वक्ता श्रोता च दुर्लभः ।
(१४) इतः पूर्वमभूव द्वे ते माताऽहं गृहे स्त्रियौ ।

Prak Sastri (DDE) First Year Annual Examinations, April, 2016
Part II Sanskrit - Paper 1
 (रघुवंशम्, कृष्णचरितम्, अभ्यासदर्शिनी प्रथमादर्शश्च)

Time : 3 hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 100

I. लघुसमाधानानि लिखत ।**20 x 1 = 20**

- (१) सूर्यः कं नाशयति ?
- (२) महान्तः किं वदन्ति ?
- (३) गोपालः किं करोति ?
- (४) गवां कस्मिन् महती प्रीतिः ?
- (५) दधि कथं भवति ?
- (६) कुत्र शकटस्य चक्रं रुद्धम् अभूत् ?
- (७) वने वृक्षाः किमर्थं रोदितुम् आरभन्त ?
- (८) हनुमान् कथं मुदं प्राप ?
- (९) अश्वस्य पादाः कीदृशाः ?
- (१०) क्रोष्टा किम् उवाच ?
- (११) पुस्तकम् (एतत्, एषः, एषा) ?
- (१२) बालकः पिबति (फलरसं, फलरसस्य, फलरसेन) ?
- (१३) बालकौ (क्रीडति, क्रीडतः, क्रीडन्ति) ?
- (१४) 8:30 A.M..... संस्कृतेन लिखत ?
- (१५) कः बालकः तिष्ठति (बहुवचने लिखत) ?
- (१६) शृ + क्त्वा = (पूरयत) ?
- (१७) लिख् + क्त्वा = (पूरयत) ?
- (१८) पिधानं कृत्वा = (एकपदं लिखत) ?
- (१९) दानं कृत्वा = (एकपदं लिखत) ?
- (२०) मासे मासे (पूरयत) ?

II. यथेच्छं पद्यत्रयं व्याख्यात ।**3 x 10 = 30**

- (१) मरुत्प्रयुक्ताश्च मरुत्सखाभं तमर्च्यमारादभिवर्तमानम् ।
अवाकिरन् बाललता प्रसुरैराचारलाजैरिव पौरकन्या ॥
- (२) स कीचकैर्मारुतपूर्णरन्ध्रैः कूजद्विरापादितवंशकृत्यम् ।
शुश्राव कुञ्जेषु यशः स्वमुच्यैरुद्गीयमानं वनदेवताभिः ॥
- (३) प्रदक्षिणीकृत्य पयस्विनीं तां सुदक्षिणा साक्षतपत्रहस्ता ।
प्रणम्य चानर्चं विशालमस्याः शृङ्गान्तरं द्वारमिवार्थसिद्धेः ॥
- (४) कैलासगौरं वृषामारुरक्षोः पादारपणानुग्रहपूतपृष्ठम् ।
अवेहि मां किङ्करमष्टमूर्तेः कुम्भोदरं नामानि निकुम्भमित्रम् ॥

(अनुवर्तते...)

III. चतुर्णां समाधानानि लिखत ।

4 x 5 = 20

- (१) राजा कथं धेनुं जुगोप ।
- (२) दिनान्ते राजा किं किं पश्यन् प्रत्याययौ ?
- (३) सिंहः नन्दिनीं किमर्थं चकर्ष ?
- (४) कृष्णजन्मोत्सवं संक्षेपेण लिखत ।
- (५) कृष्णस्य अग्निपानवृत्तान्तं लिखत ।

IV. यथेच्छं दश प्रश्नान् समाधत्त ।

10 x 3 = 30

- (१) पूतना का ? सा किं कृतवती ।
- (२) तृणावर्तः कः ? सः कृष्णेन सह किं कृतवान् ।
- (३) कृष्णः तृणावर्तं कथं मारितवान् ।
- (४) कृष्णबलरामयोः नामकरणसंस्कारं लिखत ।
- (५) कृष्णस्य दधिभाण्डभेदकार्यं स्पष्टयत ।
- (६) नलकूबरमणिग्रीवकौ किमर्थं वृक्षौ जातौ ।
- (७) वत्सासुरः केन कथं च मारितः ।
- (८) श्रीकृष्णेन बकासुरः कथं मृतः लिखत ।
- (९) न्यग्रोधस्य तरोर्मूलम् -व्याख्यात ।
- (१०) शकटभञ्जनवृत्तान्तं लिखत ।
- (११) कालियदमनवृत्तान्तं लिखत ।
- (१२) वृषभासुरवधप्रसङ्गं लिखत ।
- (१३) प्रलम्बासुरवधवृत्तान्तं लिखत ।
- (१४) कृष्णस्य मृद्भक्षणवृत्तान्तं स्पष्टयत ।

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**Prak Sastri (Regular & DDE) First Year Annual Examinations,
April, 2016**

**Part II- Sanskrit (Vyakarana) - Paper 2
(लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी - सन्धिप्रकरणम्, स्त्रीप्रत्यय-कारकप्रकरणे)**

Time : 3 hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 100)

(Write answers in Answer Booklet only)

I. समीचीनमुत्तरं चिनुत ।**20 x 1 = 20**

- (१) माहेश्वरसूत्राणि कति ?
(क) चतुर्दश (ख) दश (ग) त्रयोदश
- (२) सवर्णसंज्ञाविधायकसूत्रं किम् ।
(क) तुल्यास्यप्रयत्नं सवर्णम् (ख) अकः सवर्णे दीर्घः (ग) नाज्झलौ
- (३) अकारस्य स्थानं किम् ?
(क) कण्ठः (ख) तालु (ग) दन्ताः
- (४) महाप्राणवर्णाः के ?
(क) शषसह (ख) थ,ध,ख,घ (ग) उभयम्
- (५) सुधी-उपास्यः अत्र आदेशः -
(क) यण् (ख) गुणः (ग) वृद्धिः
- (६) अयवायावसन्धिविधायकसूत्रं किम् ?
(क) एचोयवायावः (ख) वान्तो यि प्रत्यये (ग) अध्वपरिमाणे च
- (७) गडौघः अत्र कः सन्धिः ।
(क) गुणः (ख) वृद्धिः (ग) पररूपम्
- (८) स्फोटायनमते कः आदेशः ?
(क) अवङ् (ख) अव (ग) अवा
- (९) हरि-एतौ अत्र कः सन्धिः ?
(क) यणादेशः (ख) गुणः (ग) प्रकृतिभावः
- (१०) रामश्शेते-अत्र कः सन्धिः ?
(क) श्चुत्व (ख) षुत्व (ग) जश्त्व
- (११) तल्लयः अत्र कः आदेशः ?
(क) परसवर्णः (ख) पूर्वसवर्णः (ग) उभयम्
- (१२) अत्र किं शुद्धम् ? सम्राट्-साम्राट् ।
(क) प्रथमम् (ख) द्वितीयम् (ग) उभयम्
- (१३) सन्नच्युतः अत्र कः आगमः ?
(क) डमुट् (ख) पुट् (ग) डुट्
- (१४) विप्रतिषेधे किं कार्यं भवति ?
(क) पूर्वम् (ख) परम् (ग) उभयम्
- (१५) स्त्रियाम् इति कीदृशं सूत्रम् ?
(क) अधिकार (ख) विधि (ग) नियम

(अनुवर्तते...)

- (१६) अजा अत्र कः प्रत्ययः ?
 (क) टाप् (ख) आ (ग) डाप्
- (१७) त्रिलोकी अत्र केन सूत्रेण डीप् ?
 (क) द्विगोः (ख) उगितश्च (ग) मनः
- (१८) प्रातिपदिकार्थलिङ्गपरिणाम(पूरयत) ।
- (१९) कर्तृकरणयोः (पूरयत) ।
- (२०) आधारो (पूरयत) ।

II. दशानां सन्धिप्रक्रियां लिखत ।

10 x 3 = 30

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (१) मध्वरिः । | (२) देवैश्वर्यम् । |
| (३) प्रेजते । | (४) दैत्यारिः । |
| (५) अहो ईशाः । | (६) विश्नः । |
| (७) तच्छिवः । | (८) मनोरथः । |
| (९) पनारमते । | (१०) लक्ष्मीच्छाया । |
| (११) षट्सन्तः । | (१२) सुगण्णीशः । |
| (१३) तन्मात्रम् । | (१४) उत्थानम् । |
| (१५) वाप्यश्चः । | |

III. चतुर्णां स्त्रीप्रत्ययप्रक्रियां निरूपयत ।

4 x 5 = 20

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (१) बाला । | (२) कुरुचरी । |
| (३) कुमारी । | (४) मृद्धी । |
| (५) रुद्राणी । | (६) कुरूः । |
| (७) संहितोरुः । | (८) युवतिः । |

IV. त्रयाणां कारकप्रक्रियां निरूपयत ।

3 x 10 = 30

- (१) हरिं भजति-गां दोग्धि पयः ।
- (२) रामेण बाणेन हतो वाली-शंत जयति देवदत्तम् ।
- (३) विप्राय गां ददाति-हरये नामः ।
- (४) वृक्षात्पर्णं पतति-ग्रामादायाति ।
- (५) मातुः स्मरति-कटे आस्ते ।

I. एकेन वाक्येन समाधत्त।

10 x 1 = 10

- (१) 'राम' शब्दस्य पञ्चमीद्विवचने रूपं किम् ।
- (२) 'रमा' शब्दस्य तृतीयैकवचने रूपं किम् ।
- (३) 'पितृ' शब्दस्य द्वितीयाबहुवचने रूपं किम् ।
- (४) 'सर्व' शब्दस्य प्रथमाबहुवचने रूपं किम् ।
- (५) 'हरि' शब्दस्य षष्ठीद्विवचने रूपं किम् ।
- (६) उपमानं नाम किम् ।
- (७) सप्तपदार्थाः के ।
- (८) प्रत्यक्षं कतिविधम् ।
- (९) पक्षो नाम कः।
- (१०) करणं नाम किम् ।

II. समीचीनमुत्तरं चिनुत।

5 x 1 = 5

- (१) कार्यानियतपूर्ववृत्ति ।
(क) व्याप्तिः (ख) कारणम् (ग) करणम्
- (२) सामान्यस्य भेदः ।
(क) एकम् (ख) द्वयं (ग) त्रयम्
- (३) गन्धवती का ।
(क) आकाशः (ख) पृथिवी (ग) वायुः
- (४) वारिशब्दस्य तृतीयैकवचने किं रूपम् ।
(क) वारिणे (ख) वारिणा (ग) वारिणः
- (५) सर्वशब्दस्य षष्ठीबहुवचने किं रूपम् ।
(क) सर्वाणाम् (ख) सर्वेषाम् (ग) सर्वसाम्

III. रिक्तस्थानानि पूर्यत ।

5 x 1 = 5

- (१) शीतस्पर्शवत्यः।
- (२) अतीतादिव्यवहारहेतुः।
- (३) आद्यपतनासमवायिकारणं।
- (४) पश्यति।
- (५) वदति.....।

IV. अधोनिर्दिष्टेषु त्रयाणाम् उत्तरं लिखत ।

3 x 10 = 30

- (१) रमा-वारिशब्दयोः स्वरूपं पूर्णतया लिखत ।
- (२) यज्धातोः सार्वधातुकलकारेषु यथेष्टं लकारत्रये रूपाणि लिखत ।
- (३) समावायिकारणस्य लक्षणं व्याकुरुत ।
- (४) हेत्वाभासान् निरूपयत ।
- (५) स्मृतिलक्षणं ससमन्वयं लिखत ।

(अनुवर्तते...)

V. चतुर्णां टिप्पणीः लिखत ।

4 x 5 = 20

- (१) 'जि' धातोः लृट्लकारं प्रदर्शयत ।
- (२) प्रातिपदिकसंज्ञाविधायकसूत्रं प्रतिपादनीयम् ।
- (३) अतिव्याप्तेः निष्कृष्टलक्षणं ससमन्वयं लिखत ।
- (४) 'पा' धातोः लङ्लकारः लेखनीयः ।
- (५) संख्यालक्षणं निरूपयत ।

VI. अधोनिर्दिष्टेषु दशानां समाधानं लिखत।

10 x 3 = 30

- (१) 'हरि' शब्दस्य सप्तमीबहुवचने किम् ?
- (२) 'जनी' धातोः लटरूपाणि ।
- (३) 'धातृ' शब्दस्य यथेष्टं रूपत्रयं लिखत ।
- (४) 'रमा' शब्दस्य यथेष्टं रूपत्रयं लिखत ।
- (५) 'सर्व' शब्दस्य यथेष्टं रूपत्रयं लिखत ।
- (६) तर्कपदार्थः कः ?
- (७) पदार्थलक्षणं किम् ?
- (८) व्याप्तिः का ?
- (९) वायोर्लक्षणं किम् ?
- (१०) यथार्थानुभवो नाम ।
- (११) विपक्षो नाम ।
- (१२) मिथ्याज्ञानम् ।
- (१३) लिङ्गं कतिविधम् ?
- (१४) द्रवत्वम् ।
- (१५) विभागः नाम ।

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Part II - History - Paper 4
(Indian History upto 1526 A.D)

Time : 3 hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 100)

I. Answer All the questions :**15x 1 = 15**

- (1) Which mountains divide India into North and south?
- (2) What is the important structure found at Harappa?
- (3) Whom did the Rig Vedic Aryans Worship?
- (4) Which is the oldest and the earliest Veda?
- (5) Who were Teerthankaras?
- (6) What is the original name of Buddha?
- (7) In which year Asoka invaded Kalinga?
- (8) Who was the court poet of Kanishka?
- (9) Who was the greatest king among the Satavahanas?
- (10) Which inscription describes the greatness of Samudragupta?
- (11) university Progressed well during the time of Harsha.
- (12) was the capital of the Pallavas.
- (13) Second battle of Train occurred in the year.....
- (14) The first lady ruler ruled over Andhradesa
- (15) The Vijayanagra dynasty was established in 1336 A.D by

II. Match A & B Groups :**5 x 1 = 5**

- | (A) | (B) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| (1) Allasani Peddana | (a) Arthasastra |
| (2) Firadausi | (b) Ghatika |
| (3) Kanchi | (c) Harsha charita |
| (4) Bana | (d) Andhra kavita Pitamaha |
| (5) Kautilya | (e) Shanama |

III. Answer any Ten of the followings:**10 x 3 = 30**

- (1) Himalayas
- (2) Great Bath
- (3) Mother Goddess
- (4) Later Vedic religion
- (5) Triratnas

- (6) Chandragupta Maurya
- (7) Gandhara Art
- (8) Mahamoksha parishad
- (9) Rudrama Devi
- (10) Bhuvana Vijayam
- (11) Tarain Bahles
- (12) Raziya Sultana
- (13) Transfer of Capital
- (14) Kalinga war
- (15) Four Noble Truths

IV. Answer any Four of the following :

4 x 5 = 20

- (1) Indus Town planning.
- (2) Asrama System.
- (3) Gautami Putra Sata karni.
- (4) Somanath Temple.
- (5) Alauddin khilji Market reforms.
- (6) Rakshasa Tangedi battle.

V. Answer any Three of the following :

3 x 10 = 30

- (1) Describe the life and teaching of Vardhamana Mahaveera.
- (2) Write an essay about Mauryan administration.
- (3) Explain about Rig Vedic culture.
- (4) Write about the military achievements of Krishna devayaya.
- (5) Describe the cultural conditions of the Pallavas.

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Prak Sastri (DDE) First Year Annual Examinations, April, 2016
Computer - Paper - 5
(Introduction to Computers & MS Office)

Time : 1½ hrs.)

(Max. Marks: 50)

(Write Answers in Answer booklet only)

I. Answer the following questions : 10 x 1 = 10

- (1) What is Computer?
- (2) List any two input devices.
- (3) List any two output devices.
- (4) What is RAM?
- (5) What is ROM?
- (6) What is GUI?
- (7) What is the short cut key to save a document in MS-Word?
- (8) What is the short cut key to insert a slide in PowerPoint?
- (9) List any two text functions in MS-Excel.
- (10) List any two Arithmetic functions in MS-Excel.

II. Answer any Two of the following : 2 x 10 = 20

- (1) Draw the block diagram of computer and explain.
- (2) List the functions and features of Operating System.
- (3) Write the procedure to do mail merge.
- (4) List the date and time functions in MS-Excel with syntax and give suitable examples.

III. Answer any Four of the following : 4 x 5 = 20

- (1) Write about generations of computers.
- (2) Write a Computer and what are the applications of computer?
- (3) Write a brief note about RAM.
- (4) Write about Recycle Bin.
- (5) Write about Headers and Footers.
- (6) List various types of charts available in MS-Office.