Prak Sastri (Regular & DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 1st Language-Paper-1, English

Time	: 3 hrs.]	estil feesh is started and ended in a few seconds, but the disappoints [Max.]	Marks: 100
	489	(Write Answers in Answer booklet only)	
I.	Fill in	n the blanks with correct forms of verbs :	5x 1 = 5
	(1)	She (get) up at 6 O' clock everyday.	· · ·
	(2)	My father never (read) a newspaper.	
	(3)	The earth (move) round the Sun.	
	(4)	The old man (cross) the Road.	
	(5)	I (complete) the syllabus by March.	
II.	Choo	se the correct Meaning from the bracket for the	3 x 1 = 3
	unde	rlined models:	
	(1)	Could you lend your bicycle please? (request, permission, wish)	
	(2)	You can go now? (Permission, Probability, compulsion)	
	(3)	You shouldn't drink while driving? (obligation, compulsion, possible	oility)
III.	Choo	se the correct connection from the brackets:	2 x 1 = 2
	(1)	My uncle is strong healthy. (and/yet /though)	
t= t;	(2)	I read the novel it interests me. (for/because/although)	
IV.	Chang	e into Indirect speech:	3 x 1 = 3
	(1)	She said to me "I have taken your book".	
	(2)	The teacher said to the boys, 'Get out of my class'.	
	(3)	Sita said to me, 'I prefer coffee'.	
V.	Chan	ge into passive voice :	3 x 1 = 3
	(1)	Hari takes coffee every morning.	
	(2)	My granny was peeling the onions.	
	(3)	Please close the door.	
VI.	Com	bine the following into compound sentences:	2 x 1 = 2
	(1)	The old man sat near the fire, Smoking and drinking.	
	(2)	Inspite of his being ill, he continued to work.	
VII.	Com	bine the following into complex sentences	2 x 1 = 2
	(1)	We eat to live.	
	(2)	I know your residence.	

following questions:

Even after three decades, the memory of that September afternoon is still fresh. It started and ended in a few seconds, but the disappointment haunts me till this day. The toil, the tension, the tears and the torment I have lived with them all. Today when I recall those moments, my heart bleeds. For me, the pain is more than words can ever describe.

- (1) What does the author remember?
- (2) When does the author remember?
- (3) How did the event take place?
- (4) What did the author live with?
- (5) How does he feel when he recalls those moments?
- (6) What happened on a September afternoon?
- (7) Can the pain be described in words?
- (8) What is the result of the disappointment?
- (9) Write the opposites of .
 - (a) Started (b)
- b) Recall
- (10) Write the meaning of.
 - (a) Bleed
- (b) Haunt

IX. Read the following passage (Supplementary Reder) and answer the following questions: $10 \times 1 = 10$

I had heard a lot about Miss. Bean's School, but I didn't get the chance to visit it till last week, when I arrived at the school I saw a girl of about twelve, with her eyes covered with a bandage. She was being carefully taken between the flower beds by a little boy of eight. She stopped and asked who it was that had come in, and he seemed to be describing me to her. Then they passed on.

- (1) What is special about Miss.Bean's School?
- (2) Who wanted to visit the school?
- (3) When does the author see when he arrived at the school?
- (4) What was her age?
- (5) Why was her eyes bandaged?
- (6) Who was leading her between the flower beds?
- (7) What picture of Miss. Bean did the author expect?
- (8) What nature was evident from her figure?
- (9) What name could you suggest for Miss. Bean's School?
- (10) Who was Miss. Beans?

X. Answer any Two of the following in about 50-60 words each: $2 \times 5 = 10$ Write a note on the Vedas? (1) (2) What is Astrology? What does it point out? Describe Milkha Singh's experiences in the olympics. What was the result? (3) (4) Write a note on Kshetranjna's padams? Answer any Two of the following in about 50-60 words each: XI. $2 \times 5 = 10$ Describe Houdini's defficult escape from a jali in Scotland? (1)Dr. Modi is a determined fighter. What reasons does he give for his (2) determinations? (3) Write a note on Dr. Joseph Bell. Explain about Sudha Chandran's journey back to world of Bharatanatyam? (4) XII. Answer any Five of the following in about 20-30 words each: $5 \times 3 = 15$ What is commonly agreed as being the origin of the Vedas? (1)(2) How can a man be the Master of his life? What is Brahmacharya and its goal? (3) What are two types of spying? Explain? (4) (5) How did the girl of the torrent look? (6) What was the decision Milkha rues even to this day? (7)How should one behave towards people of ill fame. XIII. Answer any Five of the following in about 20-30 words each: $5 \times 3 = 15$ Ofcourse Holmes was doing no more than using his eyes cleverly. He noticed (1) that his visitor's clothes needed repairing - a sign that he was not married? (a) Who was Sherlock Holmes? How did he recognise people? (b) How did he find that the visitor was not married? The day is, of course, really the worst. But some of the children tell me that (2) the dumb day is the most frightening? (a) What is the worst and most frightening day? (b) Who are the children referred to? (3) Born on August 7, 1982 to Sadan and Siora Chakhravorty Mousumi lives in the railway colony at Adra, Purulia District, West Bengal? (a) Who are Sadan and Siora? (b) Where does Mousumi live? (4) Gandhiji called the form Tolstoy farm after the great Russian writer?

(5) Soon afterwards he got another job with a blacksmith. There he began to take interest in locks.

Who named the farm? Who lived in it?

(a) Who does 'he' refer to?

Who is Tolstoy?

(a)

(b)

- (6) Some animals including some bears only half hibernate. That is they sleep during winter but their sleep is not such a deep one.
 - (a) What is halt hibernation? Give an example of half hibernating animal.
 - (b) Name the season for hibernation.
- (7) The door swung open and Houdini fell into the corridor. The cunning jailer had not locked the door.
 - (a) Wheer was Houdini?
 - (b) Did Houdini have difficulty in coming out? Why?

XIV. Report in your words after reading the given data:

10 x 1=10

Ustad Ali Akthar Khan the famous Sarod player.

- (a) Data of birth 14 April 1922.
- (b) Place: A village in Eastern Bengal.
- (c) Training: His father taught from the age of three.
- (d) Concert: First concert at the age of 14.
- (e) Foreign travel: travelled with Udaishankar's orchestra in 1952.
- (f) Composition: Hindi film 'Aandhiyan'.
- (g) Family: a singer (wife) son: a sarod player.

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Prak Sastri (DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 Part-I, 2nd Language-Paper-2, Sanskrit (सुरवाणीकुसुमाञ्जली)

Time	: 3 hrs.]	(सुरवाणाकुसु	माञ्जला) [Max. Marks: 100
Ī.		वाक्येन समाधानं कुरुत ।		20 x 1 = 20
	(१)	विश्वस्य कर्मणां साक्षी कः ?	(२)	कस्य सन्निधौ अत्युच्चैर्न हसेत् ?
	(ξ)	सरोजजन्मा कः ?	(8)	बकः केन व्यापादितः ?
	(4)	पश्चतन्त्रं केन विरचितम् ?	(६)	विष्णुं के तुष्टुवुः ?
	(७)	कः विदूषकचक्रवर्तीः ?	(८)	बोधिसत्त्वः कस्य आतिथ्यं स्वीकृतवान् ?
	(९)	वाक् शब्दस्य द्वितीयैकवचने किं रूपम् ?	(१०)	आत्मन् शब्दस्य पश्चमीबहुवचने किं रूपम्?
	(११)	गुणसन्धिसूत्रं किम् ?	(१२)	पयः पानेन को वा लाभः सम्पद्यते ?
	(१३)	रामकृष्णौ - अत्र विग्रहवाक्यं किम् ?	(१४)	नायकः - अत्र सन्धिविच्छेदं कुरुत ?
	(१५)	पो + अनः = अत्र सन्धिं कुरुत ?	(१६)	जश्त्वसन्धिसूत्रं किम् ?
	(१७)	मनस् शब्दस्य प्रथमाबहुवचने रूपं किम् ?	(१८)	उत्तरपदप्रधाने कः समासः ?
	(१९)	नीलाम्बरः - अत्र विग्रहवाक्यं किम् ?	(२०)	राजन् शब्दस्य द्वितीयाबहुवचने किं रूपम् ?
II.	अधोनि	र्दिष्टेषु त्रयाणामुत्तरं लिखत।		3 x 10 = 30
	(१)	उपमन्योः गुरुभक्तिं वर्णयत ।	(7)	धौम्योपदेशं विशदयत ।
	(\$)	कर्णभारमिति पाठस्य सारांशं लिखत ।	(8)	गुरुदक्षिणापाठस्य सारांशं लिखत ।
	(4)	गर्दभः कथं पञ्चत्वमगमत् – वर्णयत ।		
III.	चतुर्णां	प्रश्नानां उत्तराणि ससन्दर्भं लिखत ।		$4 \times 5 = 20$
	(१)	प्रियो भवति भोगवान्। (२)	राज्ञः प्रि	प्रयो भवेत् ।
	(\$)	प्रियेषु च हितेषु च। (४)	चिन्ता	हि कार्यप्रतिबन्धहेतुः ।
	(4)	कर्तुं यतध्वं जगतां हिताय । (६)	नैषा न्य	ाय्या गुरुवृत्तिः ।
IV.	दशप्रश	नाः समाधेयाः। (द्वाभ्यां भागाभ्याम्)		$10 \times 3 = 30$
		भाग -	(क)	
	(१)	जगति पशुपाषाणपादपाः किमर्थं पूज्यन्ते ?	(7)	क्षमया किं कर्तुं शक्यते ?
	(\xi)	साधुसङ्गतिः कीदृशी ?	(8)	अहिंसायाः किं लक्षणम् ?
	(4)	उपमन्युः कथं अन्धः सञ्जातः ?	(ξ)	सन्यासी रामलिङ्गं किमुपदिदेश ?
	(७)	कथं रणे निष्फलता नास्ति ?		
		भाग - ((ख)	
	(१)	साधूनां स्वभावो कीदृशो भवति ? (२)	बकः वि	क्रमर्थं व्यापादितः ?
	(8)	सुकुमारकविः ? (४)	स्नेहल	क्षणं किम् ?
	(4)	विद्या किं किं साधयति ? (६)	ललार्टा	लेखिता रेखा केन परिमार्ष्टुं न शक्यते ?
	(७)	पृथिव्यां त्रीणि रत्नानि कानि ?		
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Park Sastri Second Year Examination - April 2015 Part I - Second Language Malayalam - Paper II

Time: 3 Hrs

Max: 100 Marks

I.	ഒറ്റവാക്കിലോ	ഒരു വാകൃത്തിലോ	ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.	(1 x	20 = 20)
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- മനശ്ശാസ്ത്രജ്ഞനും സാമൂഹൃപ്രവർത്തകനുമായി 'കൊമാല'യിൽ പ്രതൃക്ഷ പ്പെടുന്ന പ്രമുഖ വൃക്തി ആര്?
- മം ഏത് ഖണ്ഡകാവൃത്തിൽ നിന്നാണ് 'മാറ്റുവിൻ ചട്ടങ്ങളെ' എന്ന കവിതാഭാഗം എടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളത്?
- 'മനുഷ്യപ്രദർശനം' എന്ന കവിത എഴുതിയത് ആര്?
- 4. 'പഥേർ പാഞ്ചാലി'യിലെ പ്രധാനകഥാപാത്രമായ പെൺകുട്ടിയുടെ പേര് എന്ത്?
- പാത്തുമ്മ ബഷീറിന്റെ ആരാണ്?
- 6. ഉമയുടെ അമ്മയുടെ കൈയിലുണ്ടായിരുന്ന പുസ്തകത്തിന്റെ പേര് എന്ത്?
- 7. ബഷീർ പുസ്തകം വിറ്റുകിട്ടിയ പൈസകൊണ്ട് എങ്ങോട്ടാണ് പോയത്?
- മാട്ടവാറണി നാവിനാൽ ആരെയാണ് തല്ലുന്നത്?
- ചെയ്യുന്ന കഴിഞ്ഞ് പുറത്തേയ്ക്കിറങ്ങുമ്പോൾ മരണ്ടി അച്ചനെ കാത്തു നിൽക്കുന്ന ആദിവാസി പെൺകുട്ടി ആര്?
- 10. 'ഞാൻ നിന്നെ കല്യാണം കഴിക്കാൻ പോകുന്നു'- ആര് ആരോടു പറഞ്ഞതാണിത്?
- 11. ചെറിയ ബ്ലാക്ക് ആന്റ് വൈറ്റ് ടി.വി. തുറന്ന് അച്ചൻ ഏതു കളിയാണ് കണ്ടത്?
- 12. കോഴിക്കുഞ്ഞിനെയും കാക്കക്കുഞ്ഞിനെയും അടുത്തുവിളിച്ച് മഹർഷി എന്താണ് പറഞ്ഞത്?
- 13. ദശാബ്ദങ്ങളായി ടൂറിസ്റ്റുകളെ ആകർഷിച്ചുവരുന്ന കേരളത്തിലെ ഏക ഘടകം ഏത്?
- 14. മറത്തുകളിയുടെ അവതരണകേന്ദ്രങ്ങൾ ഏതൊക്കെയാണ്?
- 15. പൂരക്കളി ഏതു കലാരൂപവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ടതാണ് ?
- 16. 'ഭാഷ ഭാഷണം വ്യാകരണം' എന്ന ലേഖനം എഴുതിയതാര്?
- 17. 'ഏറ്റവും ദുഃഖഭരിതമായ വരികൾ' എന്ന കവിത മലയാളത്തിലേക്ക് വിവർത്തനം ചെയ്തതാര്? (Contd...)

- 18. പൂരമാലയിൽ എത്ര നിറങ്ങളുണ്ട്?
- 19. ശരീരത്തിന്റെയും ഐഹികവാസത്തിന്റെയും ചിഹ്നം ഏത്?
- 20. 'പെഡ്രോ പരാമോ' എന്ന നോവലിന്റെ കർത്താവ് ആര്?

A. പദ്യഭാഗം

II. ഏതെങ്കിലും മൂന്നു ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- ന്യന്തം മണ്ണിൽ കാലുറയ്ക്കായ്കിൽ ഉടലിലുരുട്ടിവച്ച തലയെന്തിന്'? ആശയം വിദമാക്കുക.
- 2. 'തിരസ്കാര'ത്തിൽ ചന്തകളെ കണക്കൈകളോടുകൂടിയവയെന്നും നഗരങ്ങളെ തോക്കിൻ കണ്ണുള്ളവയെന്നും വിശേഷിപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഇതു ധ്വനിപ്പിക്കുന്ന അർഥം എന്തെന്നു വിവരിക്കുക?
- 'മനുഷൃപ്രദർശനം' എന്ന കവിതയുടെ ഉള്ളടക്കത്തെക്കുറിച്ച് ഒരുപന്യാസം എഴുതുക.
- 'ഉദ്യാനപാലകരെ ഭവാന്മാരുണർന്നു–
 ദൃമിപ്പിൻ പുഷ്കല കാലമായി' വ്യാഖ്യാനിക്കുക.
- മാർദവമില്ലാതെ ആശാൻ പറഞ്ഞു വച്ച കാര്യങ്ങളുടെ കാലികപ്രസക്തി, 'മാറ്റു-വിൻ ചട്ടങ്ങളെ' എന്ന കവിതാഭാഗത്തെ ആസ്പദമാക്കി വിവരിക്കുക.

B. ഗദ്യഭാഗം

III. ഏതെങ്കിലും ഏഴെണ്ണത്തിന് നൂറു വാക്കിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക (7 x 5 = 35)

- വിശ്വൻ ഒറ്റ രാത്രികൊണ്ട് വായിച്ച പുസ്തകം താഴെ വച്ചപ്പോൾ അതിലെ ഉള്ളടക്കം അദ്ദേഹത്തെ എത്രത്തോളം സ്വാധീനിച്ചു?
- കേരളത്തിൽ വൃദ്ധസദനങ്ങളുടെ എണ്ണം സമീപകാലങ്ങളിൽ പതിന്മടങ്ങു വർദ്ധിച്ചു. ഇതിനേക്കുറിച്ച് നിങ്ങളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം എഴുതുക.
- ജനങ്ങളെ ഏറ്റവും അധികം സ്വാധീനിക്കുന്ന ദൃശ്യമാധ്യമം ആണ് സിനിമ ഇതേപ്പറ്റി ഒരാസ്വാദനം എഴുതുക.

(Contd...)

- 4. നിങ്ങൾ കണ്ട ഒരു സിനിമയെക്കുറിച്ച് ഒരാസ്വാദനം എഴുതുക.
- നാടകത്തിലും സിനിമയിലും അഭിയം ഏതൊക്കെ തലങ്ങളിൽ വ്യത്യാസപ്പെട്ടിരി ക്കുന്നു എന്ന് വിശദമാക്കുക.
- 6. 'കൊമാല' എന്ന കഥയിലെ പ്രധാന കഥാപാത്രം സമൂഹമാണ്. അത് ഏതൊക്കെ നിലയിൽ കഥാഘടനയെ സ്വാധീനിക്കുന്നു എന്ന് വ്യക്തമാക്കുക.
- നമ്മുടെ സംസ്കാരം നേരിടുന്ന വെല്ലുവിളികൾ നമ്മുടെ ഇടയിൽ നിന്നാണ്,
 ടൂറിസ്റ്റുകളിൽ നിന്നല്ല. വിശദമാക്കുക.
- 9. വ്യാകരണപ്രാപ്തികൾ വിശകലനം ചെയ്യുക.
- 10. പുരവേലയുടെ സവിഷേഷതകൾ എന്തൊക്കെയെന്നു വിശദീകരിക്കുക.

IV. ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരെണ്ണത്തിന് മുന്നൂറു വാക്കിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

- ഫോക്ലോർ എന്നതുകൊണ്ട് ലക്ഷ്യമാക്കുന്നതെന്ത്? ഇതിനെപ്പററ്റി ഒരു ലഘു പ്രബന്ധം തയ്യാറാക്കുക.
- 'മനുഷ്യപ്രദർശനം' എന്ന കവിതയിലൂടെ കവി ഉയർത്തുന്ന സാമൂഹികവിമർശന തലങ്ങൾ എന്തെല്ലാം? വിവരിക്കുക.

Prak Sastri (D.D.E & Regular) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015

Part II - Sahitya - Paper 1 (चन्द्रालोकः, श्रुतबोधश्च)

Timo	. 2 brc 1	(44)	141., 5	रुतबाधश्च)	114 14 100
ime I.	: 3 hrs.] लघसम	ाधानानि लिखत ।			[Max. Marks: 100 20 x 1 = 20
1.	(१)	मयूखशब्दस्यार्थः कः ?	(२)	चन्द्रालोकः नाम कोऽर्थः ?	20 X 1 - 20
	(३)	जयदेवस्य उपाधिः कः ?	(8)	निरर्थकं दोषः कदा भवति ?	
	(4)	किं नाम अप्रतीतम् ?	(ε)	को नाम अनुप्रासः ?	
	(७)	रूपकालङ्कारस्य किमुदाहरणम् ?		अनन्वयालङ्कारः कदा भर्वा	ते ?
	(९)	वैदर्भी रीतिः नाम का ?	(१°)	को नाम अनुभावः ?	XI 2
	(११)	उल्लेखालङ्कारस्य किं लक्षणम् ?	(33)	व्यभिचारिभावाः कति सन्ति	?
		करुणरसस्य स्थायिभावः कः ?	(38)	क्रोधः कस्य स्थायिभावः ?	•
		मधुरावृत्तिः नाम का ?	(१६)	रामेश्वरः - गणनिर्णयं कुरुत	?
	(१७)		(१८)	।।। – कस्य गणस्य चिह्नम्	
	(१९)	शिखरिणीछन्दसः लक्षणं किम् ?		अनुष्टुप्छन्दसः लक्षणं लिखत	
II.		प्रश्नित्यां समाधत्त ।	(40)	जनुटुन्छन्दसः रादाण रिखित	3 x 10 = 30
11.	(१)	जयदेवदिशा काव्यकारणं विवृणुत			3 X 10 - 30
		चन्द्रलोकस्य मङ्गलपद्यं व्याख्यात			
	(३)	शब्दभेदान् सोदाहरणं लिखत ।	ll s		
	(8)	उपमालङ्कारं स्पष्टयत ।			
	(°) (५)	व्यतिरेकं स्पष्टयत ।			
III.		टिप्पणीः लिखत।			4 v E = 20
111.			2111 A	 1	$4 \times 5 = 20$
	(१)		अश्लीत	· .	
	(\$)	स्रम्धरा। (४) गौडी। (६)	मगणः	1	
TX 7	(4)	\ '	लाटी।		40.00
IV.		पश्चवाक्येषु समाधानं कुरुत ।		(2)	10 x 3 = 30
	(१)	हास्यरसं विवेचयत ।		(२) मधुरावृत्तिं स्पष्टयत	
	(\$)	स्थायीभावानां नामानि लिखत ।		(४) रसोत्पत्तिः कथं भव	
	(4)	श्लेषालङ्कारं स्पष्टयत ।		(६) रूपकालङ्कारं विच	
	(७)	दृष्टान्तं स्पष्टयत ।		(८) समासोक्तिम् आलोन	
	(8)	उत्प्रेक्षां विवेचयत ।		(१०) दोषाङ्कुषं विचारय	
	(११)	नेयार्थदोषं स्पष्टयत ।		(१२) शिखरिणीछन्दः लिर	व्रत ।
	(१३)	तुल्ययोगितां निरूपयत ।		(१४) दीपकं लक्षयत।	

o. CodeNo Prak Sastri (Regular) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015

Vyakarana - Paper 1
(लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी-अजन्तप्रकरणम्, समासप्रकरणम्, - पूर्वकृदन्तप्रकरणम्)

iime	: 3 nrs.j		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					[Max.	Marks: 100
ī.	समीची	नमुत्तरं	चिनुत ।						20 x 1 = 20
	(१)	सरुपाण	गमेकशेष एकविभन्त	कौ – इत	यनेन किं विधीयते	l see			
		(क)	एकशेष:	(ख)	गुणः	(ग)	सरुपभावः		
	(5)	रामयोः	इत्यत्र एत्वं केनं १	भवति ।		wén r	ar en etc		
	or as the o	(क)	ओसि च	(ख)	बहुवचने झल्येत्	(ग)	.आद्गुणः		
	(\$)	सर्वशब्	दस्य का संज्ञा वर्त	ते ।	STE (5)				
		(क)	घि	(ख)	सर्वनाम	(ग)	करण		
	(8)	सर्वेषाम्	् – अत्र कः आग	मः ।	ijaja (3)				
		(क)	स्	(ख)	सुद्	(ग)	सन्	1:000	. (0)
	(4)	जराशब	दस्य कः आदेशः	भवति ।	भारी (०४)				
		(क)	जरस्	(ख)	जर (८०)	(ग)	जारा		
	(६)	पतिशब	दः कुत्र घिसंज्ञां प्रा	प्नोति ।					(53)
		(क)	व्यस्ते	(ख)	समासे	(ग)	उभयत्र		
	(9)	त्रयाणा	म् – अत्र कः आवे	देशः ।					
		(क)	तिसृ	(ख)	त्रय	(ग)	त्रि		
	(८)	ओः सु	पि – इत्यनेन किं	विधीयते	1		· ËF -		
		(क)	यण्	(ख)	उवङ्	(ग)	इयङ्		
	(8)	औङ ३	भापः – अत्र औड्	र् इत्यनेन	किं गृह्यते ।				
		(क)	औकारविभक्तिः	(ख)	आम्	(ग)	ओस्		
	(१०)	ज्ञानम्	् – अत्र कः आदेश	सः ।					
)E = 0 h x	(क)	अम्	(ख)	म्	(ग)	अमम्		intal .
	(११)	प्रायेण	उत्तरपदार्थप्रधानः र	समासः ।					
		(क)	अव्ययीभावः	(ख)	तत्पुरुषः	(ग)	द्वन्द्वः		
	(१२)	समासे	उपसर्जनं कुत्र प्रयो	ज्यम् ।					
		(क)	पूर्वं	(ख)	परम्	(ग)	उभयत्र		
	(१३)	गवेहित	i – अत्र किं रूपम्	ĮΙ			d-ist		
		(क)	गवहितम्	(ख)	गोहितम्	(ग)	गुहितम्		
	(१४)	अपुत्रः	– अत्र कः समार	तः ।					
		(क)	द्वन्द्वः	(ख)	कर्मधारयः	(₁)	उभयं न		
	(१५)	माता व	च पिता च किं रूप	रम् ।					
		(क)	पितरौ	(ख)	मातापितरौ	(ग)	उभयम्		

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(१६) कर्ता – अत्र कः प्रत्ययः ।
              (क) तृच्
                             (ख)
                                              (刊)
                                          तृन्
              'चरेष्टः' - इत्यनेन कः प्रत्ययः विधीयते ।
              (क) ट
                                   (ख)
                                                        (ग)
       (१८) निष्ठाशब्दवाच्यौ कौ।
              (क) क्तक्तवतु
                                 (ख)
                                          क्त - उवतु
                                                        (<sub>1</sub>)
                                                               क्त -अवतु
       (१९) गन्तुम् - अत्र कः प्रत्ययः ।
              (क) तव्य
                                   (ख)
                                                        (刊)
                                          तुमुन्
                                                               शानच्
       (२०) सर्वेषाम् अत्र षत्वं केन सूत्रेण भवति ?
       दशानां समासप्रक्रियां लिखत ।
П.
                                                                                10 \times 3 = 30
       (१)
              पश्चगङ्गम् ।
                                                 उपचर्मम् ।
                                          (२)
       ($)
              कृष्णश्रितः।
                                          (8)
                                                 चोरभयम् ।
       (4)
              अतिमालः।
                                                 अर्धपिप्पली।
                                          (ξ)
       (७)
             चित्रगुः।
                                                 अन्तर्लोम:।
                                          (८)
       (8)
             अर्थधर्मौ।
                                          (१०) शिवकेशवौ।
       (११) सप्तर्षयः।
                                          (१२)
                                                 राजपुरुषः।
       (१३) प्राप्तोदकम्।
                                                नीलोत्पलम्।
                                          (१४)
       (१५)
             असत्यम्
      चतुर्णौ रूपप्रक्रियां लिखत
III.
       (१)
             रामयोः - रामैः ।
       (5)
             सर्वस्मिन् - सर्वे ।
       ($)
             हरिणा - सखा ।
       (8)
             मत्याम् - मतौ ।
       (4)
             वारीणि - रमे ।
       (६)
              ज्ञानम् - दध्ना ।
       त्रयाणां कृत्प्रक्रियां लिखत ।
IV.
                                                                               3 \times 10 = 30
              कारकः - ज्ञः - गोदः ।
       (१)
             कुरुचरी - जनमेजयः - श्राद्धकरी ।
       (२)
       (3)
             उष्णभोजी - पण्डितमानी - सोमयजी।
              पकः - क्षामः - शुष्कः ।
       (8)
       (4)
            हितम् - विद्वान् - चिकीर्षुः।
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Prak Sastri (D.D.E) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 Part II - Jyotisha - Paper 1 (मुहूर्तचिन्तामणिः)

Time	: 3 hrs.]	(3)	રૂતા બન્ ત			[Max	Marks: 100
I.		वाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।				[MUX.	20 x 1 = 20
	(१)	'भम्' नाम किम् ?	(२)	द्विपास्य	ाः नाम कः ?		
	(\$)	सप्तमीतिथेः संज्ञा का ?	(8)	चैत्रमारं	ने कः राशिः शून्यः ?		
	(4)	अश्विनीनक्षत्रस्य स्वामी कः ?	(ξ)		क्षत्राणि कानि ?		
	(७)	भैषज्यं नाम किम् ?	(८)	अधिमा	सः नाम कः ?		
	(8)	संक्रन्तिः नाम किम् ?	(१०)	पश्चाङ्गे	कति अङ्गानि ?		
	(११)	रिक्तातिथयः काः ?	(१२)	योगानां	संख्या कति ?		
	(१३)	उत्तरायणारम्भः कदा ?	(१४)	करणान	ां संख्या कति ?		
	(१५)	वैश्यानां स्वामी कः ?	(१६)	गुरुशुक्र	ौ केषां स्वामी ?		
	(१७)	सूर्यग्रहणं कदा भवति ?	(१८)	मृदुनक्षः	त्राणि कानि ?		
	(१९)	चरनक्षत्राणि कानि ?	(२०)	सौरमास	नः नाम कः ?		
II.	यथेच्छं	प्रश्नत्रयं समाधत्त ।					3 x 10 = 30
	(१)	विद्यारम्भमुहूर्तः लेखनीयः ।	(२)	संक्रान्ति	तेभेदान् विशदयत ।		
	(\$)	विष्णुपूजामुहूर्तं वर्णयत ।	(8)	संक्रान्ति	तेफलानि लिखत ।		
	(4)	प्रदोषलक्षणं लिखत।					
III.	यथेच्छ	चतुर्णौ टिप्पणीः लिखत ।					4 x 5 = 20
	(१)	तिथीशाः। (२)	रवियोग	ान् ।			
	(\$)	ग्रहणफलम् । (४)	अधिमा	सः ।			
	(4)	ताराबलम् । (६)	चन्द्रग्रह	णम् ।			
IV.	यथेचह	हं दश प्रश्नानाम् उत्तरं लिखत ।					10 x 3 = 30
	(१)	उपनयनसंस्कारः ।		(2)	मृत्युकारणयोगौ ।		
	(\$)	मुहूर्तचिन्तामणेः मङ्गलपद्यं लिखत	1	(8)	गोचारे चन्द्रबलं दश	यित ।	
	(4)	नवान्ने शुभनक्षत्राणि ।		(ξ)	तिथीनां नन्दादिसंज्ञां	लिखत	Ďį ir jukas ir i
	(७)	चौलमुहूर्तः ।		(८)	पश्चाङ्गम् ।		
	(8)	लप्रशुद्धिः कदा जायते ।		(१०)	पापग्रहाः के ।		
	(११)	तिथिस्वामिनः के ।		(११)	ग्रहयुद्धे चत्वारः भेव	तः के ।	
	(१३)	करणानां विशेषः कः।		(१४)	मुहूर्तशास्त्रस्य महत्व	लिखत	

Prak Sastri (Reg.&DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations,
March/April, 2015

Part -II - Darsana - Paper 1

(तर्कसंग्रहदीपिका - सम्पूर्णा)

lime :	3 nrs.				MJ	ax. Marks: 100
I.	एकेन	वाक्येन समाधत्त।		1-1-1-1-1		5 x 1 = 5
	(१)	के बालाः ?				
	(२)	नीलं तमश्चलतीति प्रतीत्या किं	लभ्यते ?			
	(\$)	लक्षणलक्षणं किम् ?				
	(8)	कर्मणः लक्षणं किम् ?				
	(4)	सुखाद्याश्रयत्वं कस्य लक्षणम् ?				
II.	रिक्तस्थ	ानानि पूरयत ।				5 x 1 = 5
	(१)	नामजात्यादि ज्ञानमित	यर्थः ।	ele se les augs	reografies	ms* (4)
	(3)	यत्र धूमः अभिनयः ।				
	(\$)	साहचर्यं नाम।				BOTH BY I
	(8)	उपादानगोचर कर्तृत्वम	Į l			
	(4)	मनसः लक्षणम् ।			ar – Pitra	
III.	समीची	नमुत्तरं लिखत।				10 x 1 = 10
	(१)	नित्यत्वं नाम ।				
		(क) ध्वंसाप्रतियोगित्वम्	(ख)	ध्वंसप्रतियोगित्वम्	(ग)	उभयम्
	(२)	सुवर्णं तैजसम् ।				
		(क) भवति	(ख)	न भवति	(刊)	उभयं न
	(\$)	स्पर्शानुमेयः ।				
		(क) कालः	(ख)	वायुः	(ग)	जलम्
	(8)	ईश्वरस्य चिकीर्षावशात् परमाणुष	षु किं जाय	ति । जन्म स्थानिक		
		(क) क्रिया	(ख)	इच्छा	(ग)	ज्ञानम्
	(4)	पर्वतो वह्निमानिति ।				
		(क) स्वार्थानुमानम्	(ख)	प्रतिज्ञा	(ग)	करणम्
	(६)	लिङ्गं कतिविधम्।			1. 10 1000	
		(क) त्रिविधम्	(ख)	पञ्चविधम्	(ग)	द्विविधम्
	(७)	सत्प्रतिपक्षलक्षणं किम्।				
	(८)	वाक्यं।				
		(क) पदसमूहः	(ख)	पदम्	(ग)	पदानि
	(९)	वाक्यं कतिविधम्।				
		(क) द्विविधम्	(ख)	त्रिविधम्	(ग)	पञ्चविधम्
	(१०)	प्रयोजनं नाम ।				
		(क) सुखप्राप्तिः	(ख)	दुःखहानिः	(ग)	उभयमपि
						(अनुवर्तते)

त्रयाणामुत्तरं लिखत। IV. $3 \times 10 = 30$ (१) सृष्टिप्रक्रियां निरूपयत । (7) सुवर्णस्य तैजसत्वं साधयत । () सन्निकर्षान् निरूपयत । (8) अवयवस्वरूपं निरूपयत । (4) व्याप्तिं साधयत । पश्चटिप्पणीः आरचयत । V. (१) कारणलक्षणम्। (7) स्पर्शलक्षणम् । (\$) पक्षतालक्षणम् । (8) गुणवत्वस्य द्रव्यसामान्यलक्षणत्वे को दोषः। (4) 'सप्तपदार्था इत्यत्र सप्तग्रहणप्रयोजनं प्रतिपाद्य, द्रव्यादिसप्तान्यतमत्वं द्रव्यादिभेदसप्तकाभाववत्विमति' इत्यादि पङ्क्तेराशयं निरूपयत । दश समाधेयाः। VI. $10 \times 3 = 30$ (१) स्वार्थानुमानं विशद्यत । अतिव्याप्ति - अव्याप्ति लक्षणानि ससमन्वयं लिखत। (२) (३) वाक्यार्थज्ञाने हेतून् विशदयत । हेत्वाभासान् निरूपयत् । (8) (4) प्रमेयानि कानि । (६) उपाधिलक्षणं निरूपयत । कारणत्रैविध्यं निरूपयत । (9) (2) काल - दिग्लक्षणिन लिखत। (९) समवायलक्षणं निरूपयत । (१०) अत्यन्ताभाव - अन्योन्याभावयोः लक्षणं निरूप्य, समन्वयं कुरुत । (११) ईश्वरसद्भावे किं मानम्। यथार्थानुभवः कतिविधः, सोदाहरणं निरूपयत । (१३) असिद्धस्त्रिविधः कथम् ? (१४) पश्चावयवाः के ।

Prak Sastri (Reg. & DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 Part II - Sanskrit - Paper 2 (कुमारसम्भवम्,हितोपदेशःनिबन्धश्च)

Time :	: 3 hrs.]	(3.11/11.11-13)6/11	143111	[Max. Marks: 100
I.	एकेन	वाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।		20 x 1 = 20
	(१)	दिवौकसः केन विप्रकृताः ?	(२)	देवगणाः कं पुरोधाय स्वायम्भुवं धाम ययुः?
	(\$)	ब्रह्मणा अपामन्तः किमुप्तम् ?	(8)	कः जगदन्तः निरन्तकः ?
	(4)	ब्राह्मणः प्राकाम्यं कुत्र वर्तते ?	(ξ)	वेदामन्त्राणां कर्म किम् ?
	(७)	वेदमन्त्राणां फलं किम् ?	(८)	शब्दानां प्रवृत्तिः कतिधा ?
	(8)	वज्रेण कः असुरः हतः ?	(१०)	दण्डः कस्यायुधम् ?
	(११)	प्रातः लघुपतनकः कमिव कमपश्यत् ?	(१२)	कपोतराजस्य नाम किम् ?
	(88)	नरः भद्राणि कदा पश्यति ?	(१४)	ज्ञानं भारः कदा भवति ?
	(१५)	केषु विश्वासः नैव कर्तव्यः ?	(१६)	के के जनाः दुःखभागिनः ?
	(१७)	लोभात् किं किं जायते ?	(१८)	महात्मनां व्यसनं कुत्र भवति ?
	(१९)	आपदर्थे कं रक्षेत् ?	(२०)	शरीरगुणयोः को भेदः ?
II.	कमपि	भागमनपहाय दश प्रश्नाः समाधेयाः ।		10 x 3 = 30
		खण्ड - क		
	(१)	अष्टविधधर्माः के ?	(3)	दानं कदा सफलं भवति ?
	(\$)	सात्त्विकदानं किम् ?	(8)	सर्पदुर्जनयोः व्यवहारः ?
	(4)	कीदृशं विरलं सुतं जननी जनयति ?	(ξ)	जरद्गवः कथं जीवति ?
	(७)	कः बन्धुः ?		
		खण्ड – ख		
	(८)	कः जगदन्तः निरन्तकः ?	(8)	ब्रह्मणः स्वप्नावबोधौ भूतानां कौ ?
	(१०)	केषां वेगभङ्गः अनुमीयते?	(११)	कुमारसम्भवस्य नायकं वर्णयत ?
	(१२)	कुमारसम्भवे सर्गाः कति ?	(१३)	कुमारसम्भवं कीदृशं काव्यम् ?
	(१४)	शिवस्य वीर्यं सोढुं का समर्था?		
III.		हं चतुर्णौ भावं स्पष्टयत ।		$4 \times 5 = 20$
		प्राकाम्यं ते विभूतिषु । (२)		
	(3)	कुण्ठिताश्रीव लक्ष्यते । (४)	भग्नशार	ख इव द्रुमः ।
	(4)	चित्रन्यस्ता इव गताः । (६)	धूमकेत्	पुरिवोत्थितः ।
IV.	क भ	ागात् प्रश्नद्वयं ख भागात् एकं प्रश्नं लिख	खत।	$3 \times 10 = 30$
		खण्ड - क		
	(१)	कुमारसम्भवे द्वितीयसर्गे उपमालङ्कारं वर्ण	यत। (२)	कालिदासस्य सामान्यपरिचयं कुरुत।
	()	कुमारसम्भवस्य कथासारं लिखत।	(8)) देवगणैः ब्रह्मणः स्तुतिः कथमासीत् ।
		खण्ड – ख		
	(१)	विद्यालयः। (२) छात्रजी	विनम् ।	(३) कश्चन महापुरुषः
		000		

Prak Sastri (Reg. & D.D.E) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 Sanskrit - Paper 3 (षड्दर्शनसमुच्चयः लघुजातकम् १-५ च)

Time:	3 hrs.]			· [Ma	x. Marks: 100
I.	एकेन '	वाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।			$20 \times 1 = 20$
	(१)	चरराशयः के ?	(3)	मीनराशेः वर्णः कः ?	
	(ξ)	उत्तरदिशा राशयः के ?	(8)	मकरकुम्भयोः अधिपतिः कः ?	
	(4)	मिथुनस्य वर्णः कः ?	(६)	उपचयराशयः के ?	
	(e)	कालपुरुषस्य शिरः कंः राशिः ?	(८)	शुभग्रहाः के ?	
	(8)	युग्मराशौ प्रथमहोरा कस्य ?	(१०)	ईशानस्य अधिपतिः कः ?	
	(११)	आर्यसत्यानि कानि ?	(१२)	मार्गो नाम कः ?	
	(88)	किं नाम प्रत्यक्षम् ?	(१४)	लिङ्गं कतिरूपम् ?	
	(१५)	अवयवाः कति ?	(१६)	तर्को नाम कः ?	
	(१७)	वितण्डा नाम का ?	(१८)	किं नाम तमः ?	
	(१९)	पश्चभूतानि कानि ?	(२०)	सांख्यमते कति प्रमाणानि ?	
II.	अधोनि	विदिष्टेषु द्वयोः उत्तरं लिखत ।			$2 \times 15 = 30$
	(१)	बौद्धमते प्रमाणानि निरूपयत ।	(२)	चार्वाकमतं संगृह्णीत ।	
	()	षड्वर्गाः के ? विवृणुत ।	(8)	मैथुनविचारं स्पष्टयत ।	TEN, and the second
III.	यथेच्छ	हं त्रीन् समाधत्त ।			$3 \times 10 = 30$
	(१)	मीमांसकते प्रमाणानि निरूपयत ।			
	(7)	जैनमते तत्त्वानि निरूपयत ।			
	(3)	वैशेषिकमते पदार्थान् स्पष्टयत ।			
	(8)	ग्रहाणां बलविचारं कुरुत ।			
	(4)	स्त्री - पुरुष - यमल योगाः स्पष्ट	यत ।		
	(६)	कालपुरुषस्य अङ्गविभागं विशदय	त ।		
IV.	यथेच्ह	चतुणाँ टिप्पणीः लिखत ।			$4 \times 5 = 20$
	(१)	श्री वराहमिहिरः।			
	(2)	सिंहराशिः ।			
	(\$)	ग्रहाणाम् उच्चनीचस्थानानि ।			
	(8)	मोक्षः ।			
	(4)	उपमानम् ।			
	(६)	हेत्वाभासाः ।			

Prak Sastri (Reg.& DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations March/April, 2015 Part II - History - Paper 4 (Indian History from 1526-1947 a.d.)

<u>Time</u>	: 3 hrs.]			[Max	x. Marks: 100
I.	Ansv	ver All the question	ıs :		15x 1 = 15
	(1)	Who was the found	der of Mughal	dynasty?	
	(2)	Humayun means?)	any Feer of the following ;	
	(3)	Which Treaty ende	ed the first carr		
	(4)	Who was the first	Governer Gen	eral of India ?	if iss
	(5)	Who was Mangal I			
	(6)	Which Governer G	eneral introdu	ced "Factory Act" ?	
	(7)	Who was the found	der of sikh emp	pire ?	
	(8)	What is the Quit In	idia movement	slogan?	
	(9)	Who is the leader of	of Azad Hind F	auz?	
	(10)	When was the Sati	abolished?	semete Sher Shah as an admini	8 (1)
	(11)			blished in the year?	
	(12)	was the four	nder of the Mar	atha Empire?	
	(13)	Second Round Tab	le conference v	vas held at?	
	(14)	Vandemataram was	written by	xpinio mo rote of Gandhij?	
	(15)	was called	the architect of	of modern India ?	
II.	Matc	h the following:			5 x 1 = 5
		(A)		(B)	
	(1)	1905	(a)	Quit India Movement	
	(2)	1916	(b)	Non Co - Operation Moveme	ent
	(3)	1920	(c)	Vandemataram Movement	
	(4)	1930	(d)	Home rule Movement	
	(5)	1942	(e)	Civil Disobedience Movemen	nt
III.	Answ	er any Ten of the fo	ollowings:		$10 \times 3 = 30$
	(1)	What do you know	about first car	natic war.	
	(2)	Write about Balaji	Viswanath.		
	(3)	Who were the Lal-	Bal-Pal.		
	(4)	Write about Aurang	azeb.		
	(5)	Write about Dayana	nda Saraswati.		
	(6)	Give an accout of H	Iyder Ali.		
,	(7)	Write about Subhas	h Chandra Bos	se.	
	(8)	Write about Khilap	at movement.		

(10)What is meant by Dual Governament. (11)Write about Ilbert bill. Write about Block hole Tragedy. (12)(13)Write about cottage Industries. (14)What is Doctrine of Lapse. (15)Write about Jahangir. IV. Answer any Four of the following: $4 \times 5 = 20$ (1) Babar. (2) Theosophical Society. (3) Ranjit Singh. (4) Vivekananda Swamy. (5) Sikkism. (6) Thaj Mahal. V. Answer any Three of the following: $3 \times 10 = 30$ (1) Estimate Sher Shah as an administrator? (2)What were the causes of 1857 Revolt. (3) Write about the Lord Curzon. Write about the Social Culture awakening in the 19th Centuary. (4) (5) Explain the role of Gandhiji in Indian National Movement. 000

(9)

Write about I.N.C.

Roll No.

Prak Sastri (DDE) Second Year Annual Examinations, March/April, 2015 Computer - Paper 5

Time: 1½ hrs.]			[Max. Marks: 50
I.	Ansv	ver the following questions:	10 x 1 = 10
	(1)	What is a Computer ?	
	(2)	Explain Data Types.	
	(3)	Explain GO TO Statement.	
	(4)	What is a Loop?	
	(5)	List any Two output statement.	
	(6)	What do you know about 'Scanf' Statement?	
	(7)	Define Array	
	(8)	Explain Two - Dimensional arrays.	
	(9)	What is Recession?	
	(10)	Define User-defined function.	
II.	Answ	ver any <u>Two</u> of the following:	2 x 10 = 20
	(1)	Write the history of 'C'.	
	(2)	Explain control statement in 'C'.	
	(3)	Explain string - handling functions in 'C'.	
	(4)	Explain structures and Unions in 'C'.	
III.	Ansv	ver any <u>Four</u> of the following:	$4 \times 5 = 20$
	(1)	Explain structure of 'C' Program.	
	(2)	Explain Increment and Decrement Operations.	
	(3)	Explain the following:	
		(a) If Else statement.	
		(b) Switch statement.	
	(4)	Explain the following:	
		(a) WHILE statement.	
		(b) FOR statement.	
	(5)	Explain different functions in 'C'.	
	(6)	How the values are assigned to variable ? Explain	